4 SEM TDC HSCH (CBCS) C 8

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(June/July)

HOME SCIENCE

(Core)

Paper : C–8

(Human Development II : Development in Adolescence and Adulthood)

Full Marks : 53

Pass Marks : 21

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Fill in the blanks :　　　　　　1×4=4

　(a) The word puberty is derived from the Latin word _____.

　(b) Adolescence is the period of transition between _____ and adulthood.

　(c) Adulthood is legally reached at the age of _____.

　(d) _____ age is the closing period in the life span.

　　　　　　　　(*Turn Over*)

2. Choose the correct answer : 1×4=4

(a) Most children attain puberty between 6 to 12 / 9 to 15 / 15 to 18 years of age.

(b) Childhood / Adolescence / Adulthood is the longest period of the life span.

(c) During adolescence, the average girl reaches her mature height between 14 to 15 / 15 to 16 / 16 to 17 years.

(d) Age 40 / 50 / 60 is usually considered the dividing line between middle and old age.

3. Answer the following (any *four*) : 2×4=8

(a) What is self-concept?

(b) Write any two physical changes taking place during adolescence.

(c) What is adulthood?

(d) Write the relationship between intelligence and creativity.

(e) Write any two common problems unique to old age.

(Continued)

4. Explain any *two* from the following :   5×2=10

(a) Adolescent interface with media

(b) Marriage-contemporary trends

(c) Significance of health, nutrition and well-being in adulthood

5. Define developmental task. Write in brief about developmental task of adulthood.

2+5=7

6. Answer any *two* from the following :

(a) Define adolescence. Write about the characteristics of adolescence.   2+8=10

(b) What does the word 'adultus' mean? What are the subdivisions of adult-hood? Write about the socio-emotional changes throughout adulthood. 2+3+5=10

(c) "Relationships between adolescents and members of their families tend to deteriorate in early adolescence." Explain.   10

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