Total No. of Printed Pages—3 5 SEM TDC HST M 1

> **2016** (November)

> > HISTORY

(Major)

Course: 501

# [ History of India (1750-1947) ]

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks : 32 (backlog)/24 (2014 onwards)

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. (a) Answer the following questions in one word or in one sentence : 1×8=8
  - (i) Who was the Nawab of Bengal after Siraj-ud-Daula?
  - (ii) When was the Treaty of Salbai signed between the English and the Marathas?
  - (iii) In which year was the Fourth Battle of Mysore fought?

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(Turn Over)

# (2)

- (iv) Who was known as the pioneer of Indian Renaissance?
- (v) Who was the Governor-General of India at the time of the Revolt of 1857?
- (vi) Where was the first session of Indian National Congress held?
- (vii) Who was the British Prime Minister at the time of India's Independence?
- (viii) Who propounded the Two-Nation Theory?
- (b) Write short notes on any three of the following: 4×3=12
  - (i) Rise of Oudh in Post-Mughal period
  - (ii) Raja Chait Singh of Benaras
  - (iii) Brahmo Samaj
  - (iv) Mahalwari System
  - (v) Muslim League
- Discuss the causes of the Battle of Buxar. What were its significances? 8+4=12

### Or

What do you know about Dual Government established by Robert Clive? What were its results? 12

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(Continued)

3. Critically examine the Permanent Settlement of Bengal introduced by Lord Cornwallis. 12 Or Review the policy of Subsidiary Alliance of Lord Wellesley. 12 Evaluate Raja Ram 4. Mohan Rov's contribution towards Indian Progressive thought. 12 Or Critically examine the policy of Doctrine of Lapse of Lord Dalhousie. 12 5. Discuss the background of the Revolt of 1857. 12 Or What were the various factors that contributed to the national awakening in India in the 19th century? Explain. 12

 Justify whether the Partition of Bengal in 1905 AD was a mere readjustment of administrative boundaries. What were its results? 8+4=12

Or

Give a brief idea of ideology and programmes of the Non-Cooperation Movement launched by Gandhi in 1920. What were its consequences? 8+4=12

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# 5 SEM TDC HST M 2

**2016** (November)

HISTORY (Major)

Course : 502

# [ History of Europe (1453-1815) ]

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks : 32 (Backlog) / 24 (2014 onwards)

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

 (a) Answer the following questions in one word or in one sentence each : 1×8=8

- (i) Who wrote Praise of Folly?
- (ii) In which year Vasco-da-Gama reached Calicut?
- (iii) Who wrote Utopia?
- (iv) Which War brought the Tudors to power in England?

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( Turn Over )

- (2)
- (v) Name the Chancellor of Austria during the reign of Maria Theresa.
- (vi) Who coined the term 'Mercantilism'?
- (vii) In which year the First Partition of Poland takes place?
- (viii) "The Spanish Ulcer ruined me." Who said this?
- (b) Write short notes on any three of the following : 4×3=12
  - (i) The significance of Geographical Discoveries
  - (ii) The Spanish Armada
  - (iii) William Shakespeare
  - (iv) The Peace of Ryswick (1697 AD)
  - (v) The Napoleonic Codes
- Explain the main factors that brought about the decline of Feudalism in Europe.
  12

Describe the impact of Renaissance upon Art and Literature.

**3.** Examine the growth and expansion of the Portuguese Empire during the 15th and 16th centuries.

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(Continued)

12

Describe the various phases of the Thirty Years War.

4. Assess the rule of Henry IV of France. 12

Or

Why is Elizabeth Tudor's reign considered as 'a glorious period' in England history? Explain.

 Evaluate the foreign policy of Catherine II of Russia.
12

#### Or

Examine the reforms of Joseph II of Austria.

6. Explain the factors that contributed to the growth of Capitalism in Europe. 12

Or

Analyse the main causes of the downfall of Napoleon Bonaparte.

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Total No. of Printed Pages-3

### 5 SEM TDC HST M 3

# 2016

(November)

HISTORY ( Major )

Course: 503

# ( History of Europe : 1815-1945 )

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks : 32 (Backlog)/24 (2014 onwards)

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Answer the following in one word or in one sentence each : 1×8=8

- (i) Who represented France in the Congress of Vienna?
- (ii) Who founded the Young Italy Party'?
  - (iii) Which country brought Egypt under its control?
  - (iv) In which year the Second Balkan War occurs?

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(Turn Over)

- (v) Who were the members of the Triple Entente?
- (vi) By which name was Benito Mussolini also known as?
- (vii) Who wrote the Mein Kampf?
- (viii) Which country was first occupied by Germany during World War II?
- (b) Write short notes on any three of the following: 4×3=12
  - (i) The Congress of Troppau
  - (ii) Garibaldi
  - (iii) The Berlin Congress of 1878
  - (iv) The Triple Alliance
  - (v) The Versailles Settlement, 1919
- 2. Assess the work of the Concert of Europe. 12

How far was Metternich successful in controlling European politics from 1815 to 1848? 12

3. Examine the foreign policy of Napoleon III of France. 12

#### Or

Describe the internal policy of Otto von Bismarck. 12

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(Continued)

# (3)

4. Review the reforms of Czar Alexander II of Russia. 12

#### Or

Trace the background of the First Balkan War. 12

5. The formation of alliances and counteralliances was responsible for the outbreak of the First World War. Explain. 12

#### Or

Examine the causes of the failure of the League of Nations. 12

6. Discuss the background and significance of the Spanish Civil War. 12

### Or

Explain the factors responsible for the rise of Adolph Hitler. 12

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### 5 SEM TDC HST M 4

**2016** (November)

> HISTORY ( Major )

Course: 504

( Tourism in North-East India : Historical Dimensions )

Full Marks : 80 Pass Marks : 32 (Backlog)/24 (2014 onwards)

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. (a) Answer the following in one word or in one sentence : 1×8=8
  - (i) Three main components of ecotourism are nature, tourism and \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (ii) In which architectural remains are the famous motifs of 'flying apsaras' found?

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(Turn Over)

- (iii) What is the meaning of 'Maibong'?
- (iv) What are 'Poi-Changken' and 'Poi-Leng'?
- (v) In which year was the Indian Wildlife Protection Act enacted?
- (vi) Name any one of the popular tourist festivals of the North-East.
- (vii) Which place is termed as 'Scotland of East'?
- (viii) In which North-Eastern State is the Trishna Wildlife Sanctuary situated?
- (b) Write short notes on any three of the following : 4×3=12
  - (i) Socio-cultural impact of tourism
  - (ii) Tourist attraction of Rangpur
  - (iii) Poa-Mecca, Hajo
  - (iv) Ali-Aye-Ligang
  - (v) Shillong
- 2. Define tourism and also give a brief introduction of different types of tourism. 12

Give your views on how preservation of historical sites and remains may help in the development of historical tourism. 12

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(Continued)

 What is your opinion about Tezpur as a place of tourist attraction? Highlight the tourist spots in Tezpur. 8+4=12

### Or

Give an account of the historical remains of Daiyang Dhansiri Valley and its importance from the point of tourism. 8+4=12

**4.** Discuss the main features of Ahom architecture in Sivasagar. 12

#### Or

Write a note on the temple architecture of Kamakhya.

5. Discuss the importance of *Bhaona* and *Ras* festivals in promoting cultural tourism in this region. 12

#### Or

Discuss how far Dihing-Patkai and Hornbill festivals have been successful in promoting tourism prospect in Assam.

# ( Turn Over )

12

6. Write briefly the history of wildlife conservation in North-East India. 6+6=12

### Or

Discuss the importance of the following places from the perspective of tourism :

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6+6=12

- (a) Jatinga
- (b) Kohima

