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**GEOGRAPHY**

( Major )

Course : 603

**[ Regional Geography of India (Part-II) ]**

Full Marks : 48

Pass Marks : 19/14

Time : 2 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed :  $1 \times 6 = 6$

(a) The phenomenal increase in milk production in India is termed as \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Fill in the blank)

(b) Name the only State of India which has shown more females than males throughout the census history of India.

(c) In which place of Assam is the Bell Metal Industry concentrated?

- (d) Name the largest major tribe of India.
- (e) Meghalaya/Assam is one of the major producers of limestone in India.  
(Choose the correct option)
- (f) What is the full form of BCPL?

2. Write short answers of the following (each **within 150 words**) : 4×3=12

- (a) State briefly the problems of Green Revolution in India.
- (b) Describe the linguistic composition of India.
- (c) Mention the problems of agriculture in Assam.

The following questions are to be answered each **within 350 words** :

UNIT—I

( **Agriculture, Industries and Transport** )

3. Mentioning the geographical conditions for rice cultivation, show its spatial distribution in India. 10

Or

Mention the major industrial regions of India and describe any one of them.

( 3 )

UNIT—II

( **Socio-cultural Structure** )

4. What are the major tribes of India? Describe any two of them.  $3\frac{1}{2}+6\frac{1}{2}=10$

*Or*

Describe briefly various patterns of rural settlement in India. 10

UNIT—III

( **Economy of North-East India** )

5. Give an account of the spatial distribution of oil and natural gas in North-East India. 10

*Or*

Discuss the problems and prospects of industrialization in North-East India.

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