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1 SEM TDC ECOH (CBCS) C 2

2024

(November)

ECONOMICS

(Core)

Paper : C-2

(Mathematical Methods for Economics-I)

Full Marks : 80 Pass Marks : 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following as directed : 1×8=8
 - (a) Define Cartesian products.

(b) What is
$$\frac{d}{dx}(3x^3)$$
?
(i) $3x^2$
(ii) $9x^2$
(iii) $9x^3$
(iv) $6x^2$

(Choose the correct option)

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(2)

- (c) Define null set with an example from economics.
- (d) A function is said to be continuous at a point x = a, if
 - (i) $\lim_{x \to a} f(x)$ exist
 - (ii) $\lim_{x \to a} f(x)$ exist and $\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = f(a)$
 - (iii) $\lim_{x \to a^{-}} f(x) = f(a)$
 - (iv) None of the above

(Choose the correct option)

(e) If n = 3, the following polynomial function

$$f(x) = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + \dots + a_n x^n$$

- will be known as
- (i) constant function
- (ii) linear function
- (iii) quadratic function
- (iv) cubic function

(Choose the correct option)

(3)

(f) The correct relationship among average revenue (AR), marginal revenue (MR) and elasticity of demand is

> (i) $e_d = \frac{AR}{AR - MR}$ (ii) $e_d = \frac{MR}{AR - MR}$ (iii) $e_d = \frac{AR}{MR - AR}$ (iv) $e_d = \frac{MR}{MR - AR}$

> > (Choose the correct option)

- (g) If f (x) = ln (x), then what is f'(x)?
 (i) 1 / x
 (ii) log (x²)
 (iii) xlog (x)
 (iv) x²
 (Choose the correct option)
- (h) State one property of a differentiable function.
- 2. Answer any four of the following questions :

4×4=16

(a) Prove the commutative and distributive properties of set operations with examples.

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(Continued)

(4)

- (b) Each of 30 persons eats rice or wheat, 26 of them eat rice, 14 eat both rice and wheat. Determine the number of persons who eat only wheat.
- (c) From the given total cost (TC) function, find average cost (AC), average variable cost (AVC), average fixed cost (AFC) and marginal cost (MC)

$$TC = \frac{1}{4}Q^3 + 7Q^2 + 7Q + 137$$

- (d) Find the elasticity of demand for the demand function Q = 20 2P, when P = 5.
- (e) The total revenue (R) of a firm per day is a function of its daily sells (Q)

R = 68 + 10Q

The firm sells maximum 50 units of output per day. What are domain and range of the revenue function?

3. (a) (i) Define set.

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(ii) Define the following with examples :

3×3=9

- (1) Equal sets
- (2) Power set
- (3) Disjoint set

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(Continued)

			Or	
	(b)	(i)	What do you mean by ordered pairs? Explain with examples.	4
		(ii)	Distinguish between relations and functions.	4
		(iii)	Distinguish between rational and irrational numbers.	3
4.	(a)	(i)	Draw the graph of the following function : y = x + 10	4
		(ii)	Write short notes on the following : 2×4	=8
			 Constant function Exponential function Polynomial function Logarithmic function 	
			Or	
	(b)	(i)	Evaluate : $ \lim_{y \to 7} \frac{y^2 - 4y - 21}{3y^2 - 17y - 28} $	6
		(ii)	the conditions for	6

(Turn Over)

5. (a) The demand function for a product is given by

Q = 50 - 3P

- (i) Find the derivative of the demand function with respect to price P.
- (ii) Calculate the price elasticity of demand when P = 5.
- (iii) Find the marginal revenue of the firm selling this product for P = 5.

3+3+5=11

(b) The total cost function for a firm is given by

Or

$$TC = 200 + 10Q + 0.5O^2$$

- (i) Find the marginal cost (MC) function.
- (ii) Find the average cost (AC) function.
 (iii) Calculate the output level Q at which the marginal cost equals the average cost. 3+3+5=11

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(Continued)

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6. (a) (i) Evaluate :

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 5x + 6} dx$$

(ii) Discuss the properties of definite integrals.

(b) The demand and supply functions for a product are given by

$$Q_d = 100 - 5P$$
$$Q_s = 20 + 2P$$

- (i) Find the equilibrium price and quantity by setting $Q_d = Q_s$.
- (ii) Calculate the consumer surplus and producer surplus at the equilibrium price using definite integrals.
- 7. (a) (i) Solve the following first-order linear differential equation : 7

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = 6$$
(ii) If AR = MR (i.e., $\frac{R}{q} = \frac{dR}{dq}$), then
show that AR is constant.

(Turn Over)

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